**REVIEW FOR CH 13-15 GOVERNMENT TESTS**

**CHAPTER 13**

1. Name the 4 ways the President can set national policies?

2. What group can limit the president when making treaties?

3. What Supreme Court decisions limited a president’s exercise of executive privilege?

4. What does the National Security Council do?

5. What can the President do without seeking the consent of either the House or the Senate?

6. President attempting to influence Congress to pass a legislative program might employ what strategies.

7. What is “The War Powers Resolution”?

8. What are the presidential roles authorized by the Constitution?

9. What is the policy of “containment”?

10. What organization or person is LEAST directly charged with setting United States foreign policy?

11. What problem occurred during the election of 2000?

12. What is the order of succession to the Presidency and amendment?

13. What are formal and informal sources of presidential power?

14. When can the pocket veto only be used?

15. What does the Office of Management and Budget do?

16. What Presidential appointments do the Senate Confirm?

17. If the Presidential election is thrown into the House of Representatives, how

many votes does each state get?

18. What is the Twenty-fifth Amendment?

19. What is the primarily concern when a president chooses a vice- president as his running mate?

20. What is the Twenty-second Amendment, passed in 1951?

21. What policy areas is the LEAST subject to federal regulation?

22. What is one of the president's checks on judicial power?

**CHAPTER 14**

1. The use of governmental authority to control or change some practice in the private sector is called what?

2. One of the important purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is to do what?

3. What is incremental budgeting?

4. The ultimate power to determine how much the government will tax and spend, (power of the purse) and what it will spend taxes for, lies with what group?

5. How does the government borrow money?

6. What is The Sixteenth Amendment, ratified in 1913?

7. What is fiscal policy?

8. What does the progressive income tax mean?

9. Explain the federal debt.

**CHAPTER 15**

1. According to the Iron Triangle model how does the Truckers Union or AAA influence the transportation Committee of the House or Senate?

2. In order to shape policy and provide direction to the bureaucracy, the president can issue what?

3. What is the largest category of government expense?

4. A business established by government that performs functions that could be provided by private business is called what?

5. What governments have far more employees than the federal bureaucracy?

6. Is the bureaucracy mentioned in the Constitution?

7. What is the process by which a law or policy is put into operation by the bureaucracy?

8. In 1997, after Congress and the President passed Megan's law which agency had the daunting task of implementing the new polices?

9. Explain the independent regulatory agencies.

10. Explain the Hatch Act.

11. What are the four theoretical bureaucratic structures?

12. What is the patronage system?

13. The main job of federal bureaucrats is to do what?